Dear Senators HEIDER, Nuxoll, Bock, and Representatives WOOD, Perry, Rusche:

The Legislative Services Office, Research and Legislation, has received the enclosed rules of the Department of Health and Welfare :

IDAPA 16.06.12 - Rules Governing the Idaho Child Care Program (ICCP) (Docket No. 16-0612-1302).

Pursuant to Section 67-454, Idaho Code, a meeting on the enclosed rules may be called by the cochairmen or by two (2) or more members of the subcommittee giving oral or written notice to Research and Legislation no later than fourteen (14) days after receipt of the rules analysis from Legislative Services. The final date to call a meeting on the enclosed rules is no later than 11/26/2013. If a meeting is called, the subcommittee must hold the meeting within forty-two (42) days of receipt of the rules analysis from Legislative Services. The final date to hold a meeting on the enclosed rules is 12/24/2013.

The germane joint subcommittee may request a statement of economic impact with respect to a proposed rule by notifying Research and Legislation. There is no time limit on requesting this statement, and it may be requested whether or not a meeting on the proposed rule is called or after a meeting has been held.

To notify Research and Legislation, call 334-4845, or send a written request to the address on the memorandum attached below



Legislative Services Office Idaho State Legislature

Jeff Youtz Director Serving klaho's Cilizen Legislature

MEMORANDUM

TO: Rules Review Subcommittee of the Senate Health & Welfare Committee and the House Health

& Welfare Committee

FROM: Senior Legislative Research Analyst - Ryan Bush

DATE: November 6, 2013

SUBJECT: Department of Health and Welfare

IDAPA 16.06.12 - Rules Governing the Idaho Child Care Program (ICCP) (Docket No. 16-0612-1302)

The Department of Health and Welfare submits notice of temporary and proposed rulemaking at IDAPA 16.06.12 - Rules Governing the Idaho Child Care Program (ICCP). The Department states that this rulemaking is to align with other Department rules for determining benefits for a child who lives in a joint custody situation. Specifically, this rulemaking gives the parent who has primary custody of the child an ICCP benefit when both parents apply for the same benefit. Previously, the first parent to apply received the benefit.

The Department states that a temporary rule is appropriate because this rule change confers a benefit to a parent. The Department further states that negotiated rulemaking was not conducted because the rule is of a simple nature and to align with other Department rules. There is no fiscal impact associated with this rulemaking.

The proposed rule appears to be within the statutory authority granted to the Department in Section 56-202(b), Idaho Code.

cc: Department of Health and Welfare Tamara Prisock Genie Sue Weppner

IDAPA 16 - DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND WELFARE

16.06.12 - RULES GOVERNING THE IDAHO CHILD CARE PROGRAM (ICCP)

DOCKET NO. 16-0612-1302

NOTICE OF RULEMAKING - TEMPORARY AND PROPOSED RULE

EFFECTIVE DATE: The effective date of the temporary rule is October 1, 2013.

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Sections 67-5221(1) and 67-5226, Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has adopted a temporary rule, and proposed rulemaking procedures have been initiated. The action is authorized pursuant to Section 56-202, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: Public hearing(s) concerning this rulemaking will be scheduled if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency, not later than November 20, 2013.

The hearing site(s) will be accessible to persons with disabilities. Requests for accommodation must be made not later than five (5) days prior to the hearing, to the agency address below.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: The following is the required finding and concise statement of its supporting reasons for adopting a temporary rule and a nontechnical explanation of the substance and purpose of the proposed rulemaking:

These rules are being aligned with other Department rules for determining benefits for a child who lives in a joint custody situation. Currently, the first parent to apply for ICCP benefits is the one who receives the benefits for the child. This rule change will provide a more equitable way in determining ICCP benefits when both parents apply for benefits for the same child, by giving the parent who has primary custody of the child the benefit.

TEMPORARY RULE JUSTIFICATION: Pursuant to Section 67-5226(1)(c), Idaho Code, the Governor has found that temporary adoption of the rule is appropriate for the following reasons:

This rule change confers a benefit to a parent who has primary custody of an eligible child in a joint custody situation when both parents apply for child care benefits for the same child.

FEE SUMMARY: The following is a specific description of the fee or charge imposed or increased: N/A

FISCAL IMPACT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) during the fiscal year:

There is no anticipated fiscal impact to the state general fund or any other funds due to this rulemaking.

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: Pursuant to Section 67-5220(2), Idaho Code, negotiated rulemaking was not conducted because the rule is of a simple nature to align with other Department rules for a child that is in a joint custody situation.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: No materials are being incorporated by reference into these rules.

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: For assistance on technical questions concerning the temporary and proposed rule, contact Genie Sue Weppner at (208) 364-5656.

Anyone may submit written comments regarding the proposed rulemaking. All written comments must be directed to the undersigned and must be delivered on or before November 27, 2013.

DATED this 3rd day of October, 2013.

Tamara Prisock DHW - Administrative Rules Unit 450 W. State Street - 10th Floor P.O. Box 83720 Boise, ID 83720-0036

phone: (208) 334-5500; fax: (208) 334-6558

e-mail: dhwrules@dhw.idaho.gov

THE FOLLOWING IS THE TEMPORARY RULE AND PROPOSED TEXT OF DOCKET 16-0612-1302

105. ELIGIBLE CHILD.

A family can only receive child care benefits for eligible children. A child is eligible for child care benefits under the following conditions: (4-2-08)

- **01. Immunizations Requirements**. A child must be immunized in accordance with IDAPA 16.02.11, "Immunization Requirements for Children Attending Licensed Daycare Facilities in Idaho." Child care benefits can continue during a reasonable period necessary for the child to be immunized. Parents must provide evidence that the child has been immunized unless the child is attending school. (4-2-08)
 - **02. Citizenship or Alien Status Requirement**. A child must be one (1) of the following: (4-2-08)
 - **a.** A citizen; (4-2-08)
 - **b.** Living lawfully in the United States. (4-2-08)
- **O3. Child's Age Requirement.** A child must be under thirteen (13) years of age, with the following exceptions: (4-2-08)
- **a.** A child thirteen (13) years of age or older may be eligible for child care benefits if he meets one (1) or more of the following criteria: (4-2-08)
- i. A child is eligible for child care benefits until the month of his eighteenth birthday if he is physically or mentally incapable of self-care, as verified by a licensed mental health professional or licensed practitioner of the healing arts. (4-2-08)
- ii. A child may be eligible for child care benefits until the month of his eighteenth birthday if a court order, probation order, child protection, or mental health case plan requires constant supervision. (4-2-08)
- **b.** A child who is eligible under Subsection 105.03.a. of this rule may receive child care benefits until the month of his nineteenth birthday if he is a full-time student and is expected to complete secondary school no later than the month of his nineteenth birthday. (5-1-11)
- **104. Soint** Child Custody. A child may move from one (1) parent's home to the other parent's home on a regular basis. The child may be a member of either household, but not both households. If the parents cannot agree on the child's household for the child care <u>case benefit</u>, the child is included in the household of the first parent to apply who is both income and activity eligible with primary custody. Primary custody is determined by where the child is expected to spend fifty-one percent (51%) or more of the nights during a benefit period. When only one (1) parent applies for ICCP benefits, the child may be included in that parent's household even though they do not have primary physical custody of the child.

 (5-1-11)(10-1-13)T